

# Air Travel



Lufthansa, Aeroflot and British Airways are \_\_\_\_\_.

**airlines**



Ryanair, Air Berlin and Wizz Air are \_\_\_\_\_ airlines.

**budget**



You can't take \_\_\_\_\_ on board in containers larger than 100ml.

**liquids**



Suitcases are stored in the \_\_\_\_\_.

**hold**



Your suitcase mustn't \_\_\_\_\_ more than 23kg.

**weigh**



The pilots sit in the \_\_\_\_\_.

**cockpit**



The passengers sit in the \_\_\_\_\_.

**cabin**



You can store your carry-on luggage in the \_\_\_\_\_.

**overhead compartment**



There is a \_\_\_\_\_ under your seat, in case the plane lands on water.

**life jacket**



An \_\_\_\_\_ drops down if pressure in the cabin falls.

**oxygen mask**



The bag you take onto the aircraft with you is called \_\_\_\_\_ luggage or hand luggage.

**carry on**



The bag you take onto the aircraft with you is called carry on luggage or \_\_\_\_\_ luggage.

**hand**



Your seat must be in the \_\_\_\_\_ for landing.

**upright position**



The space for walking up and down the cabin is called the \_\_\_\_\_.

**aisle**



A moving corridor which connects an aircraft to the terminal is called a \_\_\_\_\_.

**jet bridge**



You should board the aircraft from \_\_\_\_\_ 32.

**gate**



There are usually lots of shops and restaurants in the \_\_\_\_\_.

**departure lounge**



If you want to meet someone who has just landed you should wait in the \_\_\_\_\_.

**arrivals hall**



On board the aircraft food and drinks are served by \_\_\_\_\_.

**flight attendants**



Flight attendants are also called the \_\_\_\_\_.

**cabin crew**



\_\_\_\_\_ usually starts 20-30 minutes before take-off.

**boarding**



When a flight starts and finishes in the same country, it is called a \_\_\_\_\_ flight.

**domestic**



When you go through \_\_\_\_\_ your luggage goes through a scanner.

**security**



When a flight finishes in a different country, it is called an \_\_\_\_\_ flight.

**international**



Sometimes you have to remove your shoes when you \_\_\_\_\_ security.

**go through**



\_\_\_\_\_ is when an aircraft leaves the ground.

**take off**



When you land you go to the \_\_\_\_\_ area to pick up your suitcases.

**baggage reclaim**



\_\_\_\_\_ is when an aircraft returns to the ground.

**landing**



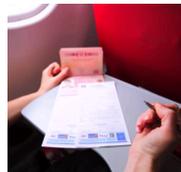
The people who check your passports and your luggage when you arrive are called \_\_\_\_\_.

**customs officers**



The period when the aircraft is going up is called the \_\_\_\_\_.

**ascent**



When you arrive in some countries you have to \_\_\_\_\_ an arrival/landing card.

**fill in**



The period when the aircraft is going down is called the \_\_\_\_\_.

**descent**



The aircraft has two \_\_\_\_\_.

**wings**



\_\_\_\_\_ is when the aircraft shakes during the flight.

**turbulence**



After an international flight passengers have to go through \_\_\_\_\_.

**passport control**



You have to \_\_\_\_\_ your seatbelt for take off and landing.

**fasten**



The period between take off and landing is called \_\_\_\_\_.

**cruising**



Flights that last longer than 6 hours are usually called \_\_\_\_\_.

**long haul**



Children who travel alone are called \_\_\_\_\_.

**unaccompanied minors**



If you haven't done it online, you should \_\_\_\_\_ when you get to the airport.

**check in**